



# Quiescent X-rays from Sgr A\* accretion flow & constraints from 3D GRMHD + GR polarized rad. transfer

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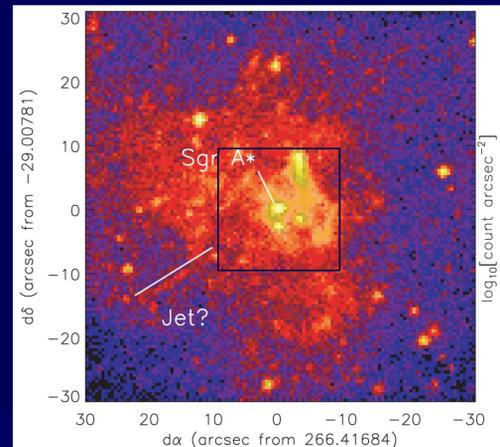
## modeling X-rays

Black hole (BH) in the Galactic Center

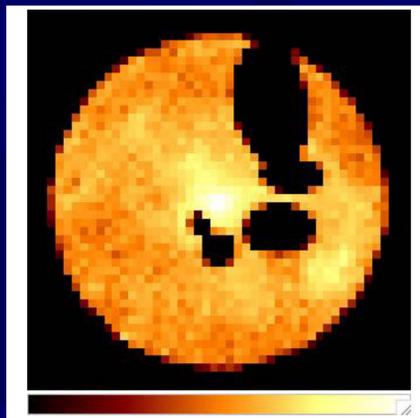
$$M = 4.3 \cdot 10^6 M_{Sun}$$

Ghez, 2010, subm?

Hot gas produces extended emission + SSC process close to BH



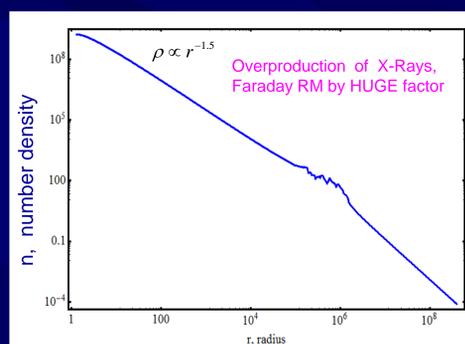
Muno et al. 2008



Shcherbakov, Baganoff, 2010

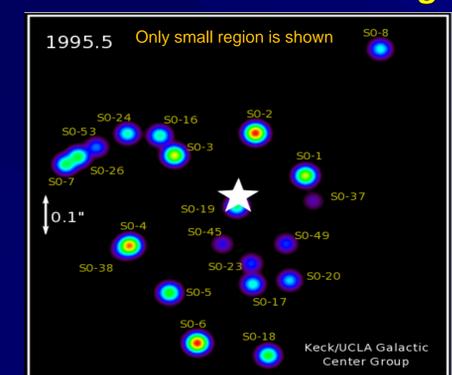
## Black hole feedback is needed

Model w/o feedback cannot match observations



- Outflows → No 1-st principle model → the evidence of outflows from cometary shaped objects? (Muzic et al. 2010, subm)
- Radiation feedback is negligible (Blandford, Begelman 1999; Yuan et al. 2003)
- Conduction (Johnson, Quataert 2007)
  - electron conduction dominates convection etc.
  - damped by a factor 3 to 5 in tangled magnetic field (Narayan, Medvedev 2001)
  - heat flux  $Q_e$  proportional to  $T_e$  gradient

## Feeding by stellar winds



Stars emit wind at 300-1200km/s ejection rate  $\sim 10^{-3} M_{Sun} / year$

Winds collide, heat the gas, provide seed magnetic field

Most of gas flows out, some accretes

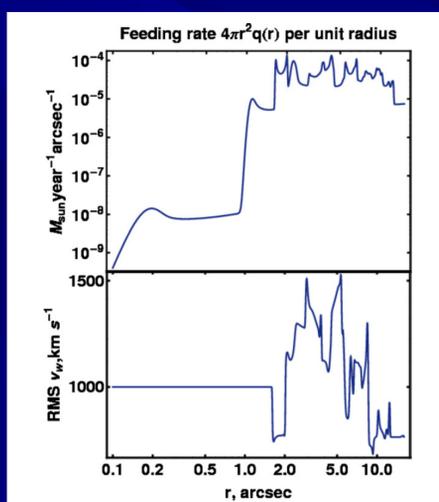


Figure 3. Mass input into the feeding region around the BH on the upper panel. Square averaged wind velocity  $v_w$  on the lower panel. Feeding is averaged over stellar orbits. Each wiggle represents a turning point of a single orbit. Only S02 star feeds matter within 0.8.

Spherically symmetric accretion flows: minimal model with MHD turbulence (Shcherbakov 2008a)

Inflow-outflow model with conduction and self-consistent feeding for Sgr A\* (Shcherbakov, Baganoff, 2010)

## Results

extended X-rays agree + SSC in quiescence

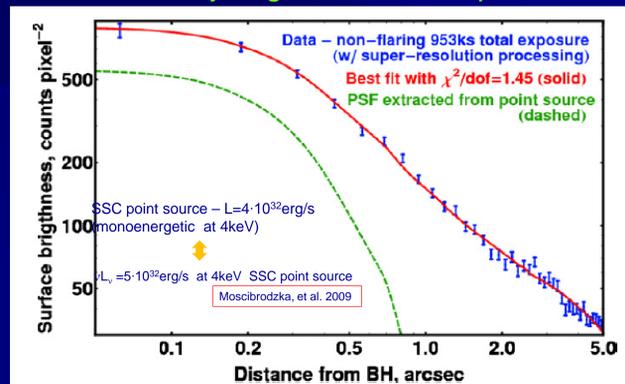
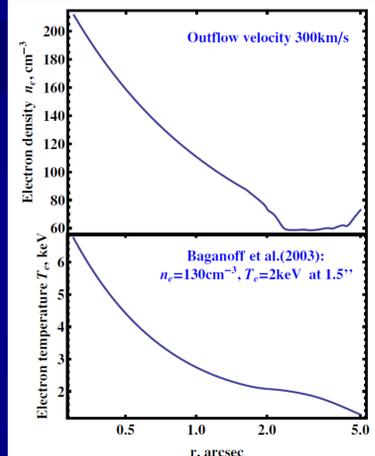


Figure 2. Observed radial surface brightness profile (error bars), best fit (solid), and the point source contribution to emission (dashed). The point source contribution is the scaled PSF.



accretion rate =  $6 \cdot 10^{-8} M_{Sun} / yr$  – <1% of the naïve model estimate, but agrees w/ sub-mm modeling

## fitting sub-mm + polarized

Electron temperature near BH

$$T_e \sim 3 \cdot 10^{10} K$$

$$\theta_e = \frac{kT_e}{m_e c^2} = 5 \Rightarrow$$

Transrelativistic electrons (that's where all the problems come from)

Polarized observation provide more information + GR allows to determine spin (Sharma, Quataert, Hammett, Stone, 2007)

General relativistic polarized radiative transfer: the interface between dynamics and observations (Shcherbakov, Huang 2010, subm.)

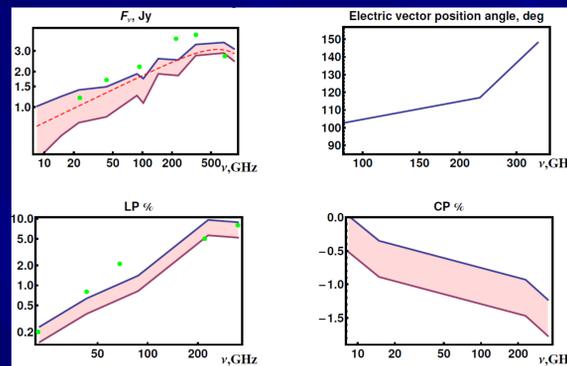
Faraday conversion is crucial in calculation of circular polarization (V)

Propagation effects in magnetized transrelativistic plasmas (Shcherbakov 2008b)

Applications of the above + results for spin, accretion flow parameters

Constraining the accretion flow in Sgr A\* by GR dynamical and radiative modeling (Shcherbakov, Penna, McKinney, 2010, in prep.)

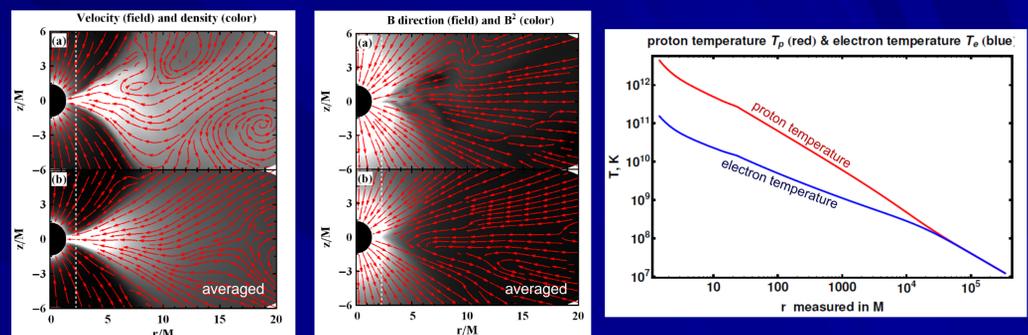
## Compilation of sub-mm polarized observations



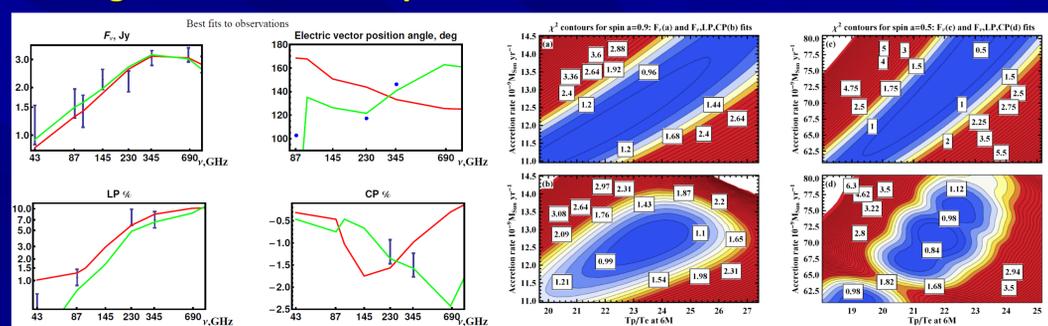
29 papers incorporated:
 

- median within errors is shaded
- CP by SMA (Moran et al.)
- dots show old compilation

## 3D GRMHD simulations + extensions

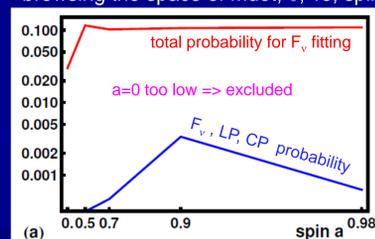


## Fitting sub-mm with GR polarized radiative transfer – two models



## Constraining the parameters

browsing the space of  $\dot{M}$ ,  $\theta$ ,  $T_e$ , spin



90% confidence intervals

$$\theta = 59^\circ \pm 9^\circ \text{ inclination angle}$$

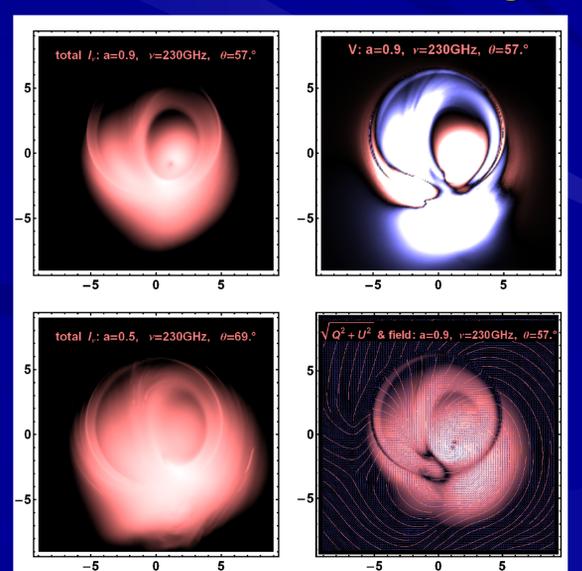
$$T_e = 3.4^{+1.2}_{-0.9} \times 10^{10} K \text{ at } 6M$$

$$PA = 96^\circ \pm 20^\circ \text{ spin position angle}$$

jet PA is  $\approx 120^\circ$  – consistent?

spin  $a=0.9$  – preferred

## Polarized images



Exciting results on variability: QPOs and flares  
Ask me to show you a movie!